



OTHER SUBMISSION GUIDELINES

English language is recommended for manuscript submission, although papers written in Spanish language might be published. Notes will be published in English language. As a recommendation, articles must include: Title, Abstract, Introduction, Materials and methods, results, discussion, acknowledges, and references. Words that will be printed in italics (specifically Latin names of organisms and mathematical symbols within the text) must be underlined in the manuscript. Measurements will be expressed as units from IS, using the abbreviation of the International Standards Organization (ISO). Geographic localization will be expressed as latitude and longitude using N, S, W, E.

The Title must be presented in both English and Spanish; descriptive (informative) type is preferred from indicative or thematic; a short, abbreviated title must be included, which must not exceed 40 characters. Following, the names, institution and address of the author (including the correspondence email) and co-authors must be indicated, differentiating each institution of the participants with consecutive Arabic numbers.

The abstract must be sent in both English and Spanish languages (300 words limit), including in a single paragraph objectives, results, and conclusions, mentioning the essentials of the new contributed knowledge; bibliographic references will be accepted only when they are necessary. Must contain 2-3 phrases introducing the subject, the contents of the research and the state of the art; 2-3 phrases where the results are highlighted in a general context that shows an advance of the subject and a postulate with the main conclusions.

Five **keywords** not included within the title must be required in both English and Spanish, which allow to identify the contents of the research in electronic databases.

Tables and figures, as well as their captions, must be presented consecutively with Arabic numbering in separated pages. The captions must be short and explicative. The repetition of information between tables and figures must be avoided. Tables and figures will be cited inside the body text by their number (figures in abbreviated form i.e. Fig.). The first reference in the text for a figure or table must be indicated in the margin of the body text. Tables must be designed to be adjusted to the printed page. There will be no vertical lines but only below the first and the last row.

The printed version will include only high-quality photos in greyscale. The colored illustrations will be presented only in the online version (PDF). The bibliographic references must be in alphabetic order. In cases where the reference includes the same authors, the list must be ordered chronologically. References must include full title and page number.

Writing style of submissions in *CICIMAR Oceánides*

In-text citations must be included at the end of a sentence as needed and enclosed by parenthesis. When the in-text citation is included, only the year of publication must be written in parentheses. The in-text citation must include the last name of the main author or both last names of a coauthor separated by an ampersand mark (&), preceded by a coma and the year of publication. The notation *et al.*, highlighted and followed by a coma, must be included after the main author's last name if more than two authors are present in the citation.

Reference list

Reference list must be presented in alphabetic order. The following are some examples of how the references list must be presented in any manuscript submitted to *CICIMAR Oceánides*. Journal title must be abbreviated following the style from Thompson/Clarivate analytics Web of Science abbreviation list. Every abbreviated word must be followed by a period mark.

Journal article

Emery, A. R. (1972). Eddy formation from an oceanic island: ecological effects. *Caribb. J. Sci.*, 12: 121-128.

Kaya, A., B. Demirci & K. H. C. Baser. (2003). Glandular trichomes and essential oils of *Salvia glutinosa* L. *S. Afr. J. Bot.*, 69(3): 422-427.

Amador-Buenrostro, A., A. Trasviña-Castro, A. Muhlia-Melo & M.L. Argote-Espinoza. 2003. Influence of EBES seamount and Farallon basin on coastal circulation in the Gulf of California, Mexico. *Geofis. Int.*, 42(3): 407-418.

Book

Snedecor, G. W. & W. G. Cochran. 1989. *Statistical Methods*, Eighth Edition. Iowa State University Press. Ames., 503 p.

Book Chapter

Boehlert, G.W. & A. Genin. 1987. A review of the effects of seamounts on biological processes.

319-334, *In: Keating, B., P. Fryer, R. Batiza, & G. Boehlert (Eds.), Seamounts, Islands and Atolls. Geoph Mono*, vol. 47. American Geophysical Union, Washington, DC.

Software

McCune, B. & M. J. Mefford. 2016. PC-ORD. Multivariate Analysis of Ecological Data.

Version 7. MjM Software Design, Gleneden Beach, Oregon, U.S.A.

R Development Core Team (2018). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R

Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. ISBN 3-900051-07-0, URL
<http://www.R-project.org>.

DOI and URL references

DOI and URL must be included at the end of the reference. When URL is presented, a date of last visit must be included (in the same language of the manuscript).

Please consult a recently published issue of CICIMAR Oceánides as reference